

# UHC Safety Intelligence

*Optimizing Health System Privilege and Confidentiality  
Protections and Improving Patient Care By Participating in a  
Patient Safety Organization*

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# **How to Structure Health Care Systems, Clinically Integrated Networks and Other Affiliated Providers in Order to Benefit From Patient Safety Act Protections**

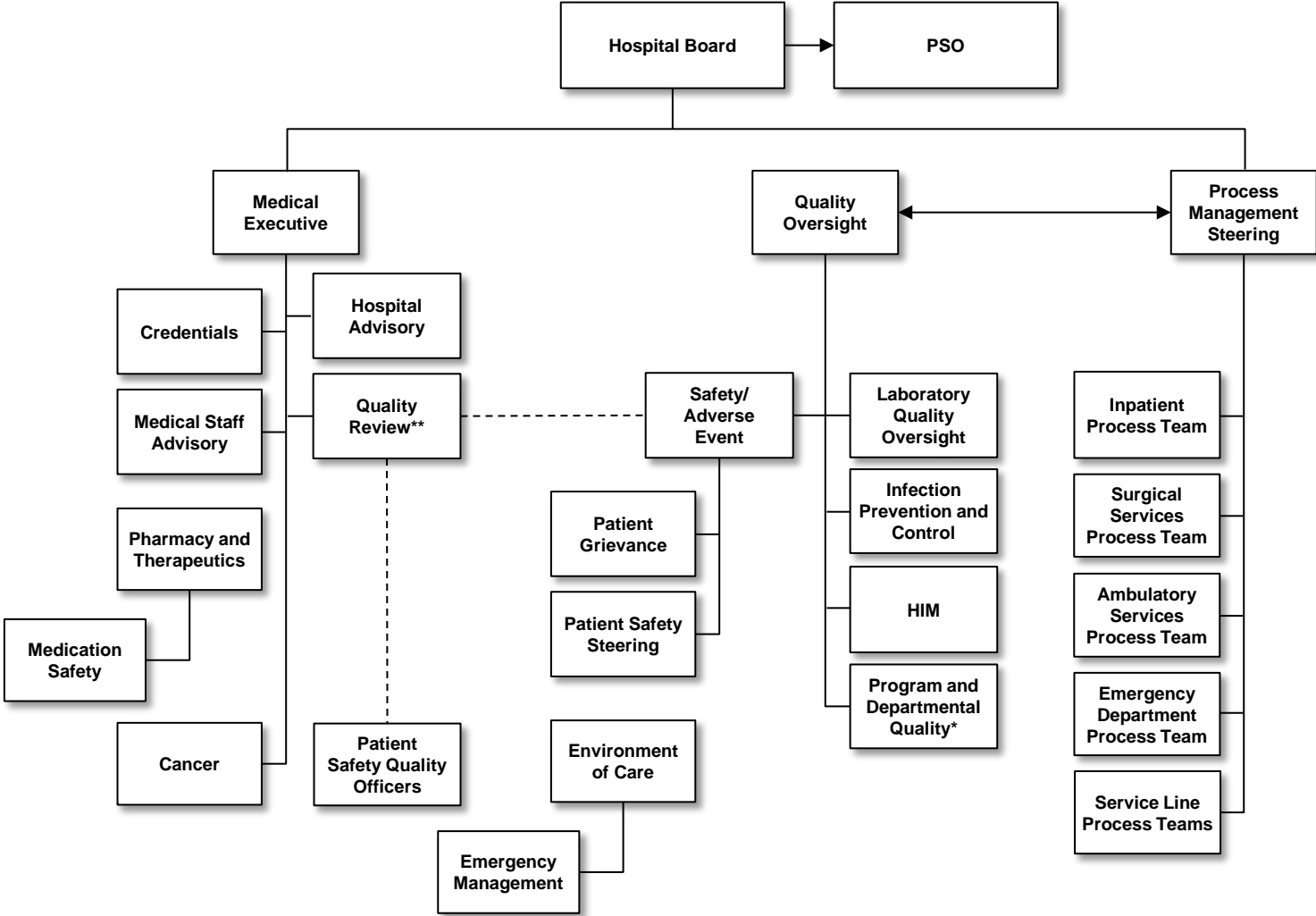
# Key Steps, Terms and Requirements

- Identify and implement your PSES
  - Create list of all peer review, quality, risk management and other patient safety activities
  - Identify the committee, reports and analyses related to these activities that you want to collect in the PSES for reporting to a PSO
- Identify individuals who need to access and work with PSWP as part of their jobs or responsibilities – these people are your Work Force members
- Identify what PSWP information you want to collect and share within your health care system/CIN

# Key Steps, Terms and Requirements (cont'd)

- Identify the affiliated providers, unaffiliated providers, joint venture entities and other licensed entities you want to include in your PSES or to participate in the PSO
  - Identifiable or non-identifiable?
- Do you intend to use attorneys, accountants and/or contractors to assist you in furthering identified PSES patient safety activities?
  - You will need appropriate BAAs, confidentiality agreements and contracts

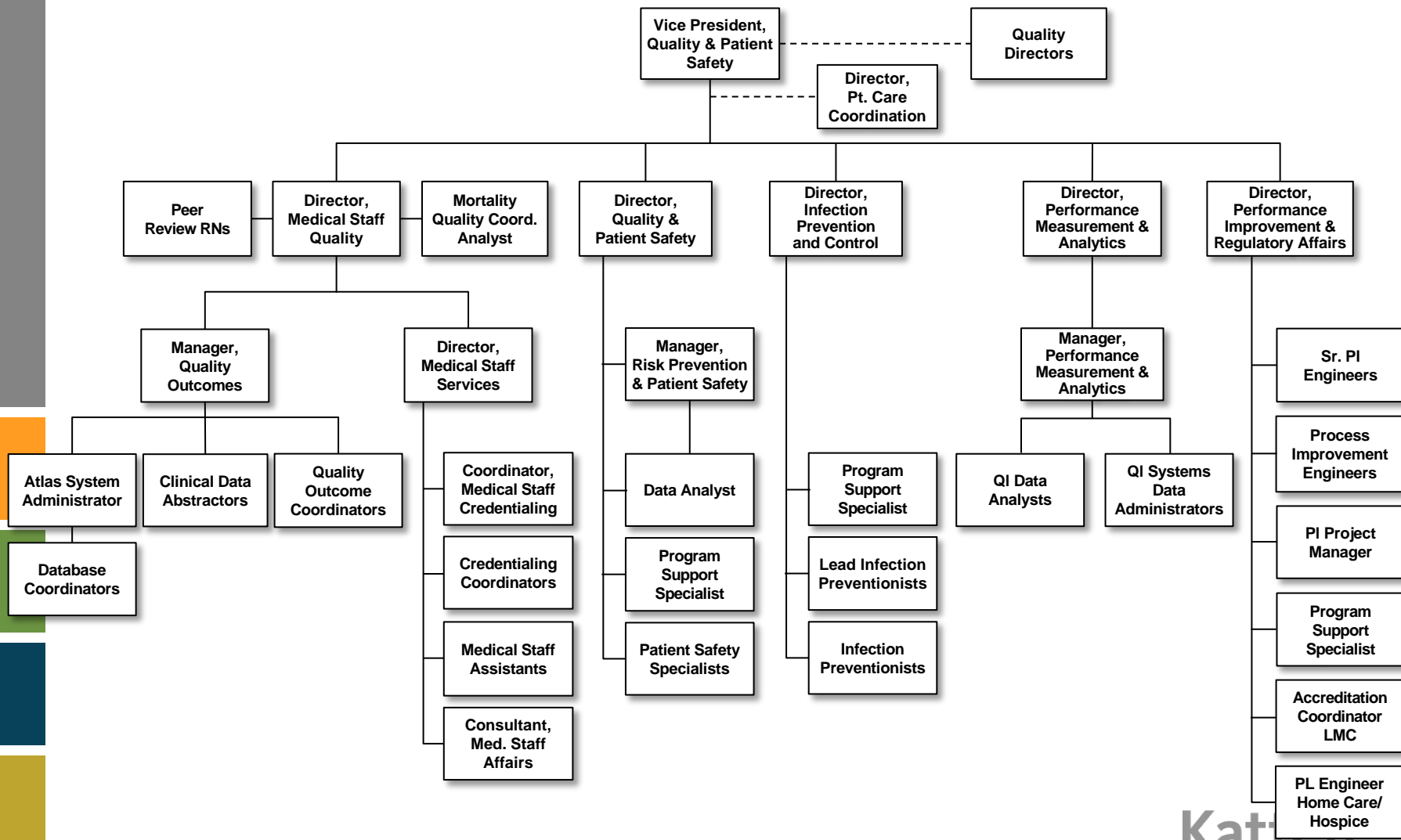
# Quality Committee Structure



\*Programs such as Transplant and Departments such as Radiology, Pharmacy, Nursing, Environmental Services.  
 \*\*Potential issue(s) in LIP practice identified during interdisciplinary review of clinical activities are referred to the Medical Executive Quality Review Committee for evaluation.

# QUALITY AND PATIENT SAFETY

## Organizational Chart



# Key Steps, Terms and Requirements (cont'd)

## Definitions

- Provider

“An individual or entity licensed or otherwise authorized under state law to provide health care services. . .”

“A parent organization of one or more [licensed providers] that manages or controls one or more [licensed providers]”

- Provider examples include:
  - Hospitals
  - Physicians and physician groups
  - Nursing facilities

# Key Steps, Terms and Requirements (cont'd)

- Patient centered medical homes
- Surgicenters
- Pharmacies
- APNs, PAs, SAs

- Parent Organization

“Owns a controlling interest or a majority interest in a component organization; or

Has the authority to control or manage agenda setting, project management, or day-to-day operations;

Or authority to review and override decisions of a component organization.

The component organization may be a provider.”



# Key Steps, Terms and Requirements (cont'd)

- Component Organization
  - “Is a unit or division of a legal entity (including a corporation, partnership, or a Federal, State, local or Tribal agency or organization);” or
  - “Is owned, managed, or controlled by one or more separate organizations”
- Affiliated Provider
  - “With respect to a provider, a legally separate provider that is the parent organization of the provider, is under common ownership, management or control of the provider, or is owned, managed, or controlled by the provider.”

# Use Versus Disclosure

- Internal use of PSWP within a provider is not considered a “disclosure” which can only be made if there is a disclosure exception under the Act
- Disclosure of PSWP is prohibited unless there is a specific exception
- Exceptions include:
  - Disclosure authorized by identified providers
    - Valid written authorization if provider is identified in the PSWP to be disclosed
    - Must have sufficient detail to fairly inform the provider of the nature and scope of authorized disclosures and how PSWP is to be used

# Use Versus Disclosure (cont'd)

- Disclosure by and between a provider and a PSO for patient safety activities
- Disclosure among affiliated providers for patient safety activities
- Disclosure of PSWP for patient safety activities by a PSO to another PSO or to a provider that has reported to a PSO or from a provider to another provider
  - Listed identifiers under the Act must be removed unless disclosure is authorized
- Disclosure of non-identifiable PSWP

# Use Versus Disclosure (cont'd)

- Disclosure for research
- Voluntary disclosure to an accrediting body
- Disclosure for business operations to attorneys and accountants which cannot be re-disclosed
- Disclosure to a contractor of a provider or PSO for patient safety activities which cannot be re-disclosed

# Key Take Aways

- PSWP can be shared within the provider among Work Force members for internal patient safety activities
- PSWP can be shared among affiliated providers
  - If disclosing identities of providers, incorporate written authorization for identified purposes within PSO agreement or other agreement/resolution
  - If wanting to disclose identity of other providers, i.e., physicians, you will need their written authorization which can be built into the appointment/reappointment application and/or employment agreement

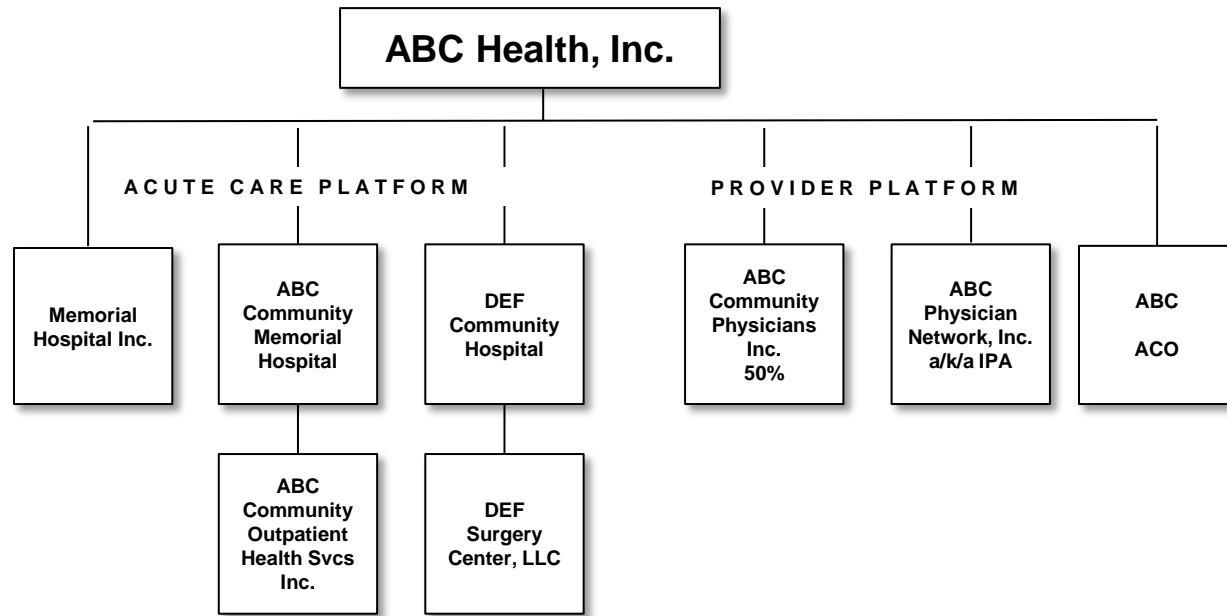
## Key Take Aways (cont'd)

- Need to be mindful of HIPAA implications if PSWP contains PHI. Is system organized as an OHCA or are providers considered affiliated covered entities under HIPAA?
- Non-provider parent organization can be included in PSES and obtain access to PSWP
- If the health care system has a component PSO then PSWP can only be disclosed by the PSO to the parent if you meet one of the disclosure exceptions
- IPAs, PHOs and other managed care arrangements are not considered providers under the Act – but check state law if they are authorized to provider health care services

## Key Take Aways (cont'd)

- Component PSOs in health care systems tend to be more scrutinized by AHRQ in terms of access to and disclosure of PHI
- With respect to non-affiliated providers you need to determine if they fall under definition of owned, controlled or managed
- Make sure you meet one of the disclosure exceptions if releasing to a thirty party

# Health System Corporate Structure



## Joint Venture and Member Relationships

Cardiology Joint Venture, LLC 40%	Sports Training LLC 51%	Rehab, LLC 60%	Fitness Development LLC 40%	Midwest Dialysis, LLC 15%	Surgery Center, LLC 50%	Renal Care Group, LLC 35%
Home Care & Hospice, Inc. 50%	Integrated Health Network 16.7%	Diagnostic Imaging, LLC 40%	Clinical Imaging, Inc. 10%	Real Estate Ventures, LLC 50%	Regional Medical Center, Inc. Member	Medical CyberKnife, LLC 7.5%

Consolidated LLC's & Corporations in green (>50% governance and/or economic control)  
 Members of the obligated group in blue (excluded from the obligated group = FSC, COHS, WBSC, PPN and CP)  
 Non-controlled entities in red